

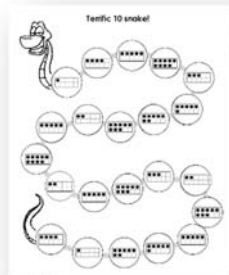
Doubles



Near Doubles

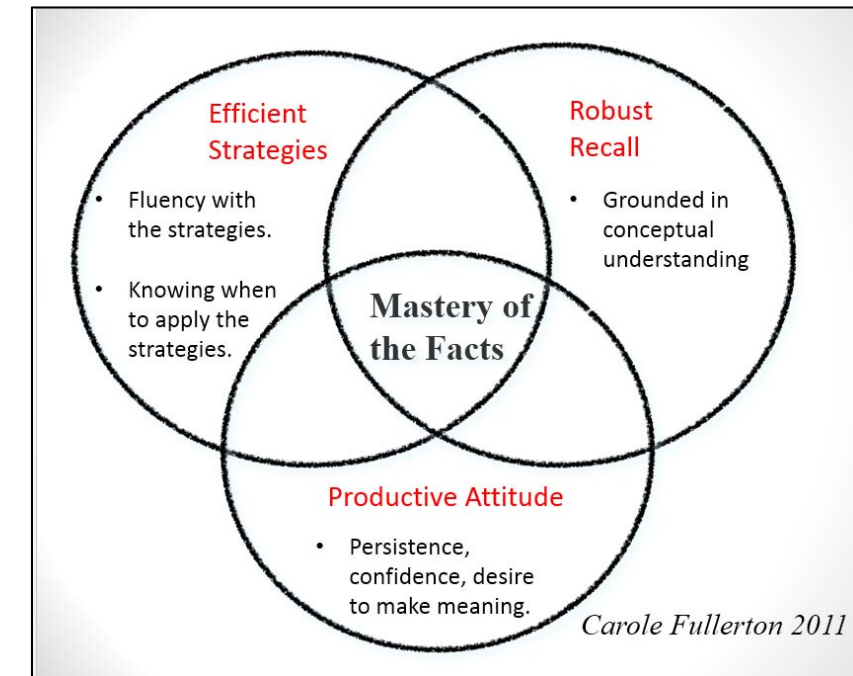


Make 10 – Parts of 10



Back to the Basics... A Better Way

~ Part 1 Addition and Subtraction ~



- Get them engaged!
- Get them thinking!
- Get them reasoning!



What is Addition and Subtraction?



- Number sense is important
- Part-part-whole thinking
- Big ideas
 - Addition
 - When we add, we join sets.
 - We can model addition with materials.
 - When we add, the answer is called the sum.
 - We add 2 (or more) addends to get the sum.
 - We can reverse the order of the addends and the sum remains the same ($6 + 4 = 4 + 6$). This is called the commutative principle.
 - Subtraction
 - We can think of subtraction as being the act of removal.
 - The number we start with is called the minuend.
 - The number we remove is called the subtrahend and the one left is called the difference.
 - Sometimes we apply the 'counting back' strategy when we remove something from the whole. (over used)
 - More efficient strategies like 'bridging through 10, parts of ten and near neighbours' can be used to find the difference.
 - Subtraction can be thought of as an act of comparison.
 - When we compare amounts to find the difference, we can apply the counting up strategy.



concretely



pictorially



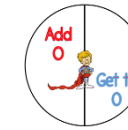
symbolically

Strategies

- Direct Instruction
- Guided Practice
- Independent Practice



Adding and Subtracting 0



Adding and Subtracting 1



Adding and Subtracting 2

Two Away!

7	2	0	4	3
0	1	4	2	4
6	7	0	5	6
3	5	4	2	5
1	6	1	7	3